

# Package: iDOS (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Integrated Discovery of Oncogenic Signatures

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**Depends** R (>= 3.6.0), VennDiagram (>= 1.6.5)

**Description** A method to integrate molecular profiles of cancer patients (gene copy number and mRNA abundance) to identify candidate gain of function alterations. These candidate alterations can be subsequently further tested to discover cancer driver alterations. Briefly, this method tests of genomic correlates of mRNA dysregulation and prioritise those where DNA gains/amplifications are associated with elevated mRNA expression of the same gene. For details see, Haider S et al. (2016) ``Genomic alterations underlie a pan-cancer metabolic shift associated with tumour hypoxia'', Genome Biology, <<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/27358048/>>.

**License** GPL-2

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`create.counts.table`    *create.counts.table*

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### Description

Summary function to collapse the counts of selected (e.g. correlated) features per cancer type into counts table

### Usage

```
create.counts.table(corr.summary = NULL)
```

### Arguments

`corr.summary`    A list object containing subtype specific selected (e.g. correlated) features. This is the list object returned by `estimate.expression.cna.correlation`

### Value

A matrix of cancer type specific counts

### Author(s)

Syed Haider

### See Also

[estimate.expression.cna.correlation](#)

## Examples

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "CNA"));

# temporary output directory
tmp.output.dir <- tempdir();

# go through each cancer type iteratively and perform mRNA-CNA correlation analysis
correlated.features <- list();
for (cancer.type in names(x$mRNA.T)) {

  # estimate mRNA and CNA correlation for each cancer/disease type
  correlated.features[[cancer.type]] <- estimate.expression.cna.correlation(
    exp.data = x$mRNA.T[[cancer.type]],
    cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2[[cancer.type]],
    corr.threshold = 0.3,
    corr.direction = "two.sided",
    subtypes.metadata = list(
      "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T[[cancer.type]]))
    ),
    feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T[[cancer.type]]),
    cancer.type = cancer.type,
    data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/", cancer.type, sep = ""),
    graphs.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/graphs/", cancer.type, sep = "")
  );
}

# create counts table across cancer types
counts.table <- create.counts.table(corr.summary = correlated.features);
```

---

```
create.training.validation.split
create.training.validation.split
```

---

## Description

Utility function to create random partitions of a dataset into training and validation sets. If samples are < 200, 66:34; otherwise 50:50 partitions are generated between training and validation sets respectively

## Usage

```
create.training.validation.split(
  exp.data = NULL, ann.data = NULL, seed.number = 51214
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>exp.data</code>	Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix
<code>ann.data</code>	Sample by clinical attribute matrix
<code>seed.number</code>	Random seed for sampling

**Value**

A list of four matrices expression and two associated clinical matrices (`exp.T`, `ann.T`, `exp.V` and `ann.V`). One set for training and one for validation

**Author(s)**

Syed Haider

**Examples**

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "ann"));

# create training and validation sets
partitioned.datasets <- create.training.validation.split(
  exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
  ann.data = x$ann$BLCA,
  seed.number = 51214
);
```

**estimate.expression.cna.correlation**  
*estimate.expression.cna.correlation*

**Description**

Estimate subtype specific correlation between mRNA and CNA profiles

**Usage**

```
estimate.expression.cna.correlation(
  exp.data = NULL,
  cna.data.log2 = NULL,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = NULL,
  feature.ids = NULL,
  cancer.type = NULL,
  data.dir = NULL,
  graphs.dir = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>exp.data</code>	Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix
<code>cna.data.log2</code>	Feature by sample CNA log ratio matrix
<code>corr.threshold</code>	Threshold for Spearman's Rho to consider a feature as candidate driver
<code>corr.direction</code>	Whether to include positively (greater), negatively (less) or both (two.sided) correlated features. Defaults to two.sided
<code>subtypes.metadata</code>	Subtypes metadata list of lists. Must contain at least one subtype specific samples using list <code>subtype.samples.list</code> . If no subtypes are present, specify list element "All" with all samples
<code>feature.ids</code>	Vector of features to be used to estimate correlation
<code>cancer.type</code>	Name of the cancer type or dataset
<code>data.dir</code>	Path to output directory where mRNA and CNA correlation statistics will be stored
<code>graphs.dir</code>	Path to graphs directory

## Value

A list of lists containing correlated features per cancer subtype

## Author(s)

Syed Haider

## Examples

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "CNA"));

# temporary output directory
tmp.output.dir <- tempdir();

# estimate mRNA and CNA correlation
correlated.features <- estimate.expression.cna.correlation(
  exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
  cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2$BLCA,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = list(
    "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA))
  ),
  feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA),
  cancer.type = "BLCA",
  data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/BLCA/", sep = ""),
  graphs.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/graphs/BLCA/", sep = "")
);
```

---

```
estimate.null.distribution.correlation
estimate.null.distribution.correlation
```

---

## Description

Function to estimate probability of observing correlations as high as observed using a feature list of interest

## Usage

```
estimate.null.distribution.correlation(
  exp.data = NULL,
  cna.data.log2 = NULL,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = NULL,
  feature.ids = NULL,
  observed.correlated.features = NULL,
  iterations = 50,
  cancer.type = NULL,
  data.dir = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>exp.data</code>	Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix
<code>cna.data.log2</code>	Feature by sample CNA log ratio matrix
<code>corr.threshold</code>	Threshold for Spearman's Rho to consider a feature as candidate driver
<code>corr.direction</code>	Whether to include positively (greater), negatively (less) or both (two.sided) correlated features. Defaults to two.sided
<code>subtypes.metadata</code>	Subtypes metadata list. Contains at least subtype specific samples
<code>feature.ids</code>	Vector of features to be used to estimate correlation
<code>observed.correlated.features</code>	List of features that were found to be correlated for subtypes of a given cancer type
<code>iterations</code>	Number of random permutations for estimating p value
<code>cancer.type</code>	Name of the cancer type or dataset
<code>data.dir</code>	Path to output directory where the randomisation results will be stored

## Value

1 if successful

**Author(s)**

Syed Haider

**See Also**

[estimate.expression.cna.correlation](#)

**Examples**

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "CNA"));

# temporary output directory
tmp.output.dir <- tempdir();

# estimate mRNA and CNA correlation for each cancer/disease type
correlated.features <- estimate.expression.cna.correlation(
  exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
  cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2$BLCA,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = list(
    "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA))
  ),
  feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA),
  cancer.type = "BLCA",
  data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/BLCA/", sep = ""),
  graphs.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/graphs/BLCA/", sep = "")
);

# estimate NULL distribution
estimate.null.distribution.correlation(
  exp.data = x$mRNA.T$BLCA,
  cna.data.log2 = x$CNA.log2$BLCA,
  corr.threshold = 0.3,
  corr.direction = "two.sided",
  subtypes.metadata = list(
    "subtype.samples.list" = list("All" = colnames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA))
  ),
  feature.ids = rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA),
  observed.correlated.features = correlated.features$correlated.genes.subtypes,
  iterations = 50,
  cancer.type = "BLCA",
  data.dir = paste(tmp.output.dir, "/data/BLCA/", sep = "")
);
```

**find.DE.features**      *find.DE.features*

## Description

Funtion to identify differentially expressed/variable features between Tumour (T) and Normal (N) profiles

## Usage

```
find.DE.features(
  exp.data.T = NULL,
  exp.data.N = NULL,
  feature.ids = NULL,
  test.name = "t.test"
)
```

## Arguments

<code>exp.data.T</code>	Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix; tumour samples
<code>exp.data.N</code>	Feature by sample mRNA abundance matrix; normal/baseline samples
<code>feature.ids</code>	Vector of features to be used to estimate correlation
<code>test.name</code>	Specify the statistical test name (exactly as it appears in R). Supported tests are <code>t.test</code> , <code>wilcox.test</code> , <code>var.test</code>

## Value

Feature by cancer type matrix of log2 fold change (T vs N) and adjusted P values. P values are estimated through `test.name`

## Author(s)

Syed Haider

## See Also

[t.test](#), [wilcox.test](#), [var.test](#)

## Examples

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N"));

# list of features to be assessed for differential expression
feature.ids <- rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA);

DE.results <- find.DE.features(
```

*get.program.defaults*

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```
exp.data.T = x$mRNA.T,  
exp.data.N = x$mRNA.N,  
feature.ids = feature.ids,  
test.name = "t.test"  
);
```

---

get.program.defaults    *get.program.defaults*

---

## Description

Get default datasets bundled with package for test runs

## Usage

```
get.program.defaults()
```

## Value

A list with `program.data.dir` containing path to example program directory and `test.data.dir` containing path to example datasets directory

## Author(s)

Syed Haider

## Examples

```
x <- get.program.defaults();
```

---

get.test.data                *get.test.data*

---

## Description

Function to load test data

## Usage

```
get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "ann"))
```

## Arguments

<code>data.types</code>	Datatypes to be read Valid datatypes are: mRNA.T, mRNA.N, CNA (includes: log2, calls and fractions), annotations
-------------------------	--

**Value**

List of lists containing datasets and respective molecular profiles as matrices

**Author(s)**

Syed Haider

**Examples**

```
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N", "ann"));
```

get.top.features	<i>get.top.features</i>
------------------	-------------------------

**Description**

Prioritise top features satisfying the criteria specified by various parameters described below

**Usage**

```
get.top.features(
  DE.features = NULL,
  cna.data.fractions = NULL,
  mRNA.FC.up = 0,
  mRNA.FC.down = 0,
  mRNA.p = 0.05,
  mRNA.top.n = NULL,
  cna.fractions.gain = 0.2,
  cna.fractions.loss = 0.2
)
```

**Arguments**

<b>DE.features</b>	Matrix containing differentially expressed features with two columns: FC and P. P may contain adjusted P or raw
<b>cna.data.fractions</b>	Feature by cancer type matrix with CNA fractions
<b>mRNA.FC.up</b>	Log2 fold change threshold for selecting over-expressed features
<b>mRNA.FC.down</b>	Log2 fold change threshold for selecting under-expressed features
<b>mRNA.p</b>	P value threshold for selecting significantly differentially expressed features. Mutually exclusive to mRNA.top.n
<b>mRNA.top.n</b>	Top n differentially expressed features satisfying each of the fold change criteria. Mutually exclusive to mRNA.p
<b>cna.fractions.gain</b>	Threshold for selecting copy number gain/amplifications
<b>cna.fractions.loss</b>	Threshold for selecting copy number losses

**Value**

Vector of top features

**Author(s)**

Syed Haider

**Examples**

```
# load test data
x <- get.test.data(data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N", "CNA"));

# list of features to be assessed for differential expression
feature.ids <- rownames(x$mRNA.T$BLCA);

# get differentially expressed features
DE.results <- find.DE.features(
  exp.data.T = x$mRNA.T,
  exp.data.N = x$mRNA.N,
  feature.ids = feature.ids,
  test.name = "t.test"
);

# get top features
top.features <- get.top.features(
  DE.features = cbind("FC" = DE.results[, 1], "P" = DE.results[, 2]),
  cna.data.fractions = x$CNA.fractions$BLCA,
  mRNA.FC.up = 0.25,
  mRNA.FC.down = 0.25,
  mRNA.p = 0.05,
  mRNA.top.n = NULL,
  cna.fractions.gain = 0.2,
  cna.fractions.loss = 0.2
);
```

---

load.datasets

*load.datasets*

---

**Description**

Function to load and systemise molecular datasets

**Usage**

```
load.datasets(
  data.dir = "./",
  metadata = NULL,
  data.types = c("mRNA.T", "ann")
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>data.dir</code>	Path to base data directory or directory containing molecular profiles
<code>metadata</code>	Dataset by profile metadata matrix containing file names of the molecular profiles for different datasets
<code>data.types</code>	Datatypes to be read Valid datatypes are: mRNA.T, mRNA.N, CNA (includes: log2, calls and fractions), annotations

**Value**

List of lists containing datasets and respective molecular profiles as matrices

**Author(s)**

Syed Haider

**Examples**

```
# locate test data directory which comes with the package
data.dir <- paste(system.file("programdata/testdata/", package = "iDOS"), "/", sep = "");

# read meta data file
metadata <- read.table(
  file = paste(data.dir, "metadata.txt", sep = ""),
  row.names = 1,
  header = TRUE,
  sep = "\t",
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
);

x <- load.datasets(
  data.dir = data.dir,
  metadata = metadata,
  data.types = c("mRNA.T", "mRNA.N", "ann")
);
```

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